Follow along worksheet for

The Large Hadron Collider by Dr. Harder

00:00:00	1. Name of person giving presentation: *Kristian*
00:01:00	2. The standard model explains how the universe works at the most *fundamental* level.
00:01:40	3. There are two problems with the standard model: it is *incomplete* and *wrong*.
00:02:00	4. We cannot explain which force? Gravity
00:03:10	5. Probabilities should add up to *100* %
00:04:20	6. The discovery of the Higgs boson was almost *10* years ago now.
00:04:50	7. W and Z are among the most *massive* particles we know of.
00:05:40	8. An extra *force* was postulated.
00:06:20	9. Every force in the standard model has a force *carrier* particle
00:07:00	10. The Higgs Field is even in Kristian's *kitchen* cupboard.
00:08:00	11. Physicists searched for half a *century* without finding the Higgs boson.
00:08:05	12. They didn't find it because they didn't have enough *energy* in the experiments to create Higgs bosons.
00:09:20	13. It was obvious it was a new force carrier from how it *decays* into other particles.
00:09:40	14. The delivery cost of the higgs was a few *billion*
00:11:20	15. There is an *asymmetry* between matter and antimatter that is stronger than the standard model predicts.
00:12:40	16. We are actually not trying to create *black holes* to swallow earth
00:12:50	17. Or open a *portal*
00:13:40	18. The easiest way to investigate matter is to *break* it.
00:14:37	19. There is nothing in the pile of rubble that wasn't part of one of the cars before the *collision*.
00:14:50	20. Higgs bosons are generated from *energy* released.
00:15:20	21. With enough energy we can get particles of higher *mass* that we've never seen before.
00:15:40	22. The circumference of the LHC is *27* km
00:16:10	23. The tunnel has a diameter of about *4*m.
00:16:30	24. You *ionise* hydrogen gas to get protons.
00:17:10	25. The protons are kept in *vacuum* pipes

00:17:15	26.	at roughly the speed of *light*.
00:18:00	27.	The energy of the proton beam is roughly the same as the Eurostar going at *100* mph.
00:19:20	28.	The LHC is huge because we cannot build magnets which are *strong* enough.
00:20:00	29.	The energy of the beam and the field strength is *increasing*.
00:20:40	30.	The coldest regions of outer space are around *3* kelvin.
00:21:50	31.	The LHC is even sensitive to extra rain in lake *Geneva*.
00:22:30	32.	There are *4* regions where the beams can interact.
00:24:20	33.	Here at RAL we are involved in *3* out of the 4 experiments.
00:25:10	34.	The detectors are a few *millimetres* away from the collision.
00:26:10	35.	We cannot see *neutrinos* with our detectors.
00:26:10	36.	Quarks, gluons and sometimes *photons* create jets of particles.
00:26:50	37.	Charged particles kick out *electrons* of the material they pass through.
0027:50	38.	We use the *trajectory* of the particles and extrapolate to see where they came from.
00:28:20	39.	Curvature corresponds to *momentum*.
00:29:00	40.	Calorimeters are used to study *neutral* particles.
00:30:40	41.	We use *thousands* of tonnes of materials to try to stop all particles.
00:31:00	42.	Particles detected by the electronic calorimeter will predominantly interact with the *hull* of the absorber atoms.
00:31:00	43.	Particles detected by the hadronic calorimeter will predominantly interact with the
00:32:00	44.	*nucleus* of the absorber atoms. Muon detectors sit on the *outside* of the detector.
00:34:00	45.	We look for missing *momentum* to see if a particle passed through undetected.
00:34:50	46.	The *tracking* detector at the centre of ATLAS was built here in the UK.
00:35:50	47.	The most famous picture of ATLAS shows just the magnet *coils* for the muon detectors.
00:37:20	48.	There are around *40* million events per second.
00:38:20	49.	Most of the data produced is discarded within *4* microseconds.
00:41:50	50.	Software is *crucial* in particle physics.
00:43:30	51.	Control rooms are staffed around the *clock*.